# Ionode Pty Ltd

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date Prepared: November, 2019 Updated date: August, 2024

Version No: 1.3

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Buffer Solution pH10 Colour Coded Blue

Product Codes: pH10.00-250 and pH10.00-1L

Other Names: Ni

Uses: Analytical Reagent

Supplier: Ionode Pty Ltd

12 Walker Street, Tennyson Qld 4105

Contacts: Telephone: 61 07 38481660

Emergency Phone: 61 07 38481660

#### 2. HAZARDS INFORMATION

Hazard classification: Non Hazardous. Non Dangerous Goods.

Risk phrases:

Not considered a hazard according to the criteria of NOHSC.

Safety phrases:

Not considered a hazard according to the criteria of NOHSC.

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Ingredients:**

Chemical Entity	CAS No	Proportion
Sodium tetraborate	[1330-43-4]	<10%
Sodium hydroxide	[1310-73-2]	<1%
Water	[7732-18-5]	to 100%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be provided.

#### Swallowed:

If conscious wash out mouth with water. Seek medical advice. Show this MSDS to medical practitioner.

## Eye:

Immediately hold eyelids open and flood with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical aid. Show this MSDS to medical practitioner.

#### Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin thoroughly with water and mild soap. Seek medical advice if irritation persists. Show this MSDS to medical practitioner. Launder clothing before reuse.

#### Inhaled:

Remove from contaminated air. Maintain breathing with artificial respiration if necessary. Seek medical assistance. Show this MSDS to a doctor.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media:**

Water spray. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

#### **Hazards from Combustion Products:**

Product will not burn or support combustion. Decomposition products include oxides of sodium and boron.

## **Precautions for Fire Fighters and Special Protective Equipment:**

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to combustion products during fire should wear full protective clothing including positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear SCBA with full face-piece, operated in positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency procedures:**

Prevent from entering waterways. Restrict access to area. Ventilate area. Remove chemicals that can react with the spilled material.

#### Methods and materials for containment and clean up:

Use inert material such as sand or earth to contain spill or leak. Absorb spills with chemical absorber or vermiculite and dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## **Precautions for Safe Handling:**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Conditions for Safe Storage:**

Store sealed in original container in a cool well ventilated situation away from foods and other chemicals. Do not store in direct sunlight. Observe good hygiene and housekeeping practices.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **National Exposure Standards:**

SWA Australia – Borates, tetra, sodium salts (decahydrate) – 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sodium hydroxide – 2mg/m<sup>3</sup> & Peak limitation

Biological Limit Values: No data available.

## **Engineering Controls:**

Not required with normal use.

## **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

The use of nitrile or neoprene gloves complying with AS 2161 and the use of faceshield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection complying with AS/NZS 1337 is recommended.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear blue liquid

Odour: Nil pH: 10

Boiling Point (°C):

Freezing/melting Point:

Vapour Pressure (mm of Hg @ 25°C):

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Specific Gravity: 1

Flash Point (°C):

Flammability Limits (%):

Solubility in Water (g/L):

Not flammable
Soluble

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Chemical stability:

Stable.

Conditions to avoid:

Excessive heat. Strong Sunlight, Absorption of carbon dioxide

Incompatible materials:

Acids, alkalis

## Hazardous decomposition products:

Refer to section 5 (Fire Fighting Measures).

**Hazardous reactions:** 

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Health Effects:**

**Swallowed**: May cause irritation of the gastric system. Ingestion of large quantities may cause severe vomiting, diarrhea, shock or death. For sodium tetraborate  $LDL_0$ : oral infant 1000mg/kg, oral man 709mg/kg LD50 oral rat 2660mg/kg

**Eye:** May be irritating to eye tissue. For sodium hydroxide 500mg applied to rabbit skin produced severe irritation after 24 hours

**Skin**: May be irritating to skin tissue. May be harmful by skin absorption.

**Inhaled**: Not considered a hazard with normal laboratory use. Mists may cause irritation of mucous membranes.

Chronic Effects: No data available.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

No data available.

#### Persistence and degradability:

No data available.

**Mobility:** 

No data available.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**UN Number:** None allocated

**UN Proper Shipping Name:** None allocated **Class and subsidiary risk(s):** None allocated

Packing Group: None allocated Hazchem Code: None allocated Special precautions for user: Nil

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP):

Not scheduled

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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